



**TO:** **CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES**  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
Washington, D.C.  
His Office.-

**PROPOSAL:** **Bill for Acquisition Control of Firearms**

**PROPONENT:** **ELPAS-USA FOUNDATION, Inc , represented by  
Friedrich Wilhelm Siegel, Founder & President,  
1161 W 59th PI Hialeah, FI 33012, U.S.A.**

**Honorable Representatives:**

The non-profit ELPAS-USA Foundation, Inc, registered and legalized in Dominican Republic, Republic of Venezuela, and the State of Florida, USA, represented in this act by its president & founder **Friedrich Wilhelm Siegel**, German citizen, of legal age, with European Passport number C4FOTMJF7 and Green Card #046-216-590, we like to submit to the United States Congress a bill under the name: **Bill for Acquisition Control of Firearms**, with the following characteristics:

**Considering** that to guarantee the National Security, especially in schools, universities, churches and other public places is of most important priority of the state, and after numerous mass shooting events in different national places where many innocent people died, it is urgent and indispensable to improve controls of firearm acquisition.

**Considering** that for the sale of firearms, the buyer must pass a Psychological Test in a specialized Medical Center.

**Considering** that in accordance with public statistics, there are 492 million firearms for 320 million people in United States, so there are more firearms than people, that is why governments must emphasize to build a new educative and political system, taking consideration, for example, in the ELPAS system.

**Considering** the great affinity to firearms for sports use, the government should frequently create sporting events, as Olympic Games, where the use of weapons is practiced sportingly.

**Considering** that high-powered firearms, such as AR-15, are used with great frequency in mass shooting, these weapons should be prohibited for sale to the public in general, except under special license for its use.

**Considering** that control and reduction of the firearms manufacture could create unemployment, the national governments have to considering the application of a financial system like ELPAS-FCC that creates new and sustainable jobs in the economy (see: ELPAS-SME Program into the plan-project ELPAS).



### **Article 1: Definitions.**

- 1.1. The "AR-15 firearm" is a personal defense device for mass shooting, capable to neutralize an enemy.
- 1.2. "Fingerprint capture device" allows identification of a person through its fingerprints.

### **Article 2: Purpose of the Bill.**

- 2.1. Establish a control- and monitoring system that allows verification and use of firearms.
- 2.2. To educate and guide the civil society towards coexistence with tolerance, harmony and mutual respect
- 2.3. Promote social integration through technological innovation and suitable strategies.
- 2.4. Promote peace and justice, building of a new social, cultural and governance system, through an innovative social, economic, financial and politic order.

### **Article 3: Acquisition of firearms.**

To improve control and transparency for sale of firearms is mandatory to apply "**fingerprint identification**" (fingerprint-ID devise) and also electronic payment instruments, such as electronic debit and credit cards, i-phones (T-payment) and Electronic Check. Sale of firearms with Cash-Money is prohibited.

### **Article 4: Manufacturing of firearms.**

The manufacturer of weapons must have an annually renewable license by Government and National Congress, including the export.

### **Article 5: Financing for training of school staff on weapons use and defense against criminal offenders.**

The government must create an appropriate financial instrument to finance training of school-staff for weapons use and defense against criminal offenders. For that is recommended to use a "*Sectoral cryptographic e-Bond*", that don't constitute public debt, but Social investment, administered through a Banking-Trust system. Further procedures for sectoral electronic Bonds are exposed in the "BILL FOR ISSUANCE, CONTROL AND REGULATION OF ELECTRONIC FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS FOR SOCIAL INVESTMENT".

### **Paragraph: Financial instrument text:**

The text of the innovative financial instrument (e-Bond) for re-education and re-location of unemployed of firearms manufacturing sector, is as following:



*"The amount of e-BOND for training of school staff for weapons use and defense against criminal offenders is in accordance with the National Budget Law No. xxxxxxxx-2018. The mobilization of this e-Bond only could be done through electronic payment instruments such as: Debit-Card combined with i-phone payment system (T-Payment) and Electronic Checks (EFT-checks). There is no way to change these e-funds in paper money. The technical processing of electronic funds is managed by banking-Trust (Fideicomiso) to monitor and verify the use and allocation of these e-funds. This financial instrument is renewable annually in accordance with the National Budget law for the next fiscal year. Its value does not represent a public debt but a **social investment** to improve social Security, therefore cannot be traded in the secondary financial market, and it cannot be used for any other purpose that is not referred in this document."*

**Article 6: Security System.**

Banks that operate with electronic financial instruments, such as e-Bonds, debit and credit cards, i-phones and electronic checks, they should provide fingerprint readers and cameras installed in his offices and ATM-machines, to protect bank users and to establish an absolute protected control and verification system for database access and all type of financial transactions, at national and international level.

**Article 7: Issuance and control of sectoral e-Bonds.**

The issuance and control of sectoral e-Bonds is in charge and responsibility of Ministry of Finance in coordination with the Central Bank. A specific law determines the extent and scope of responsibility of these institutions.

**Article 8: TRANSITIONAL MEASURES**

8.1. During the transition phase from the current financial system to the new social investment system, government could massively use electronic payment instruments to cancel payrolls and other public financial transactions. This measure aims to cancel social public spending by new financial instruments, backed by Law (Labor Law, National Budget Law and Constitutional Rights). Consequently, government does not need taxes to pay its social spending, which become SAVINGS and can be used for public debt payment and necessary imports.

8.2. Since the adoption of the new public social spending system (like ELPAS-eQE) will stop forever the public borrowing system for social spending.

Approved by both Houses of the National Congress on the day.....of month.....of the year 2018.